



Fred og konflikter i Myanmar

Myanmar – sidste fem år:

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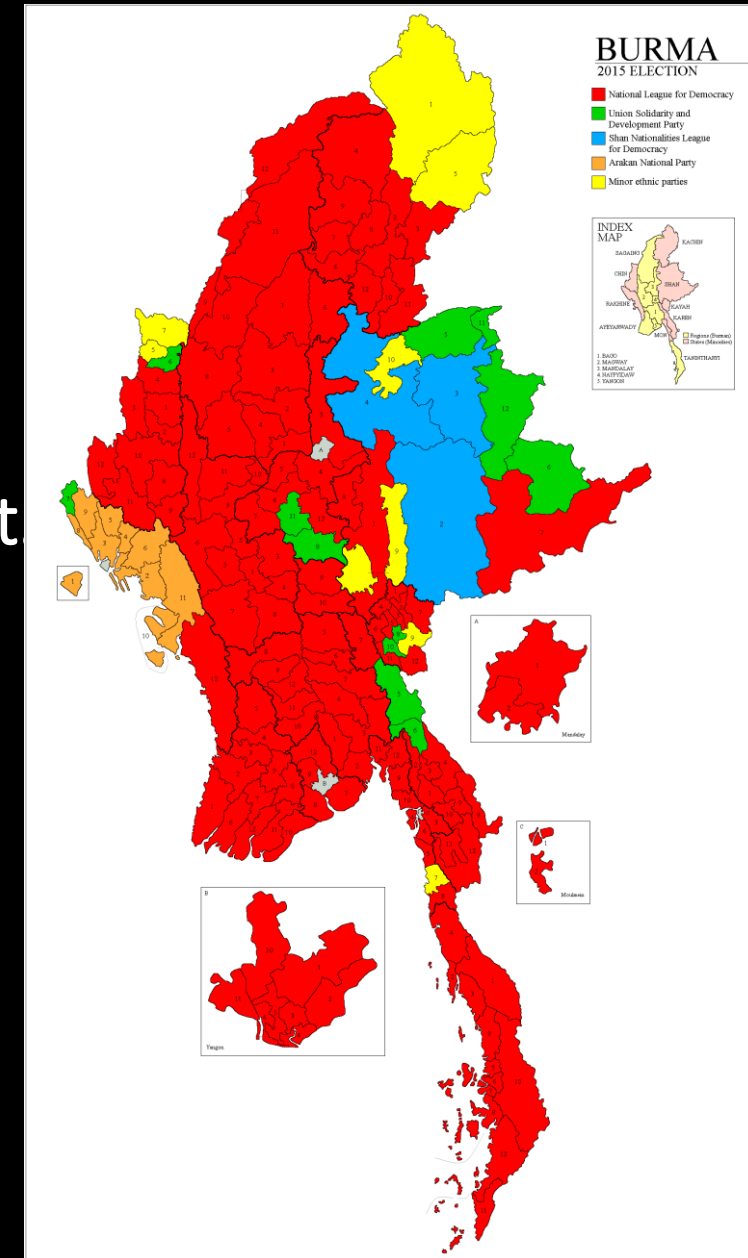
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- 😊 Ytringsfrihed forbedret.
- 😊 Investeringer fra udlandet strømmer ind(?)



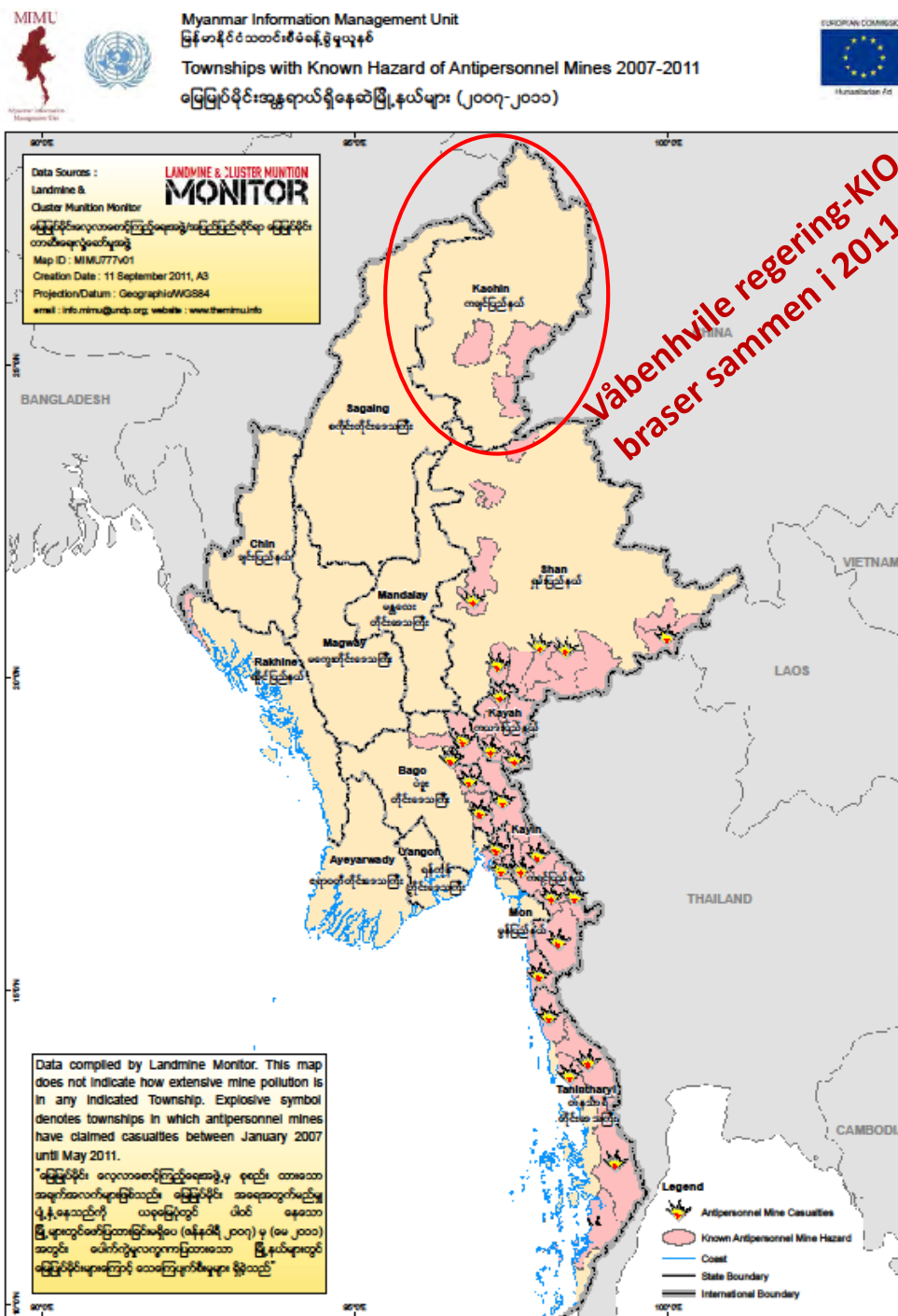
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- 😊 2015: Aung San Suu Kyi's parti får jordskreds-sejr
- 😊 Langt de fleste politiske fanger frigivet.
- 😊 Ytringsfrihed forbedret.
- 😊 Investeringer fra udlandet strømmer ind.
- 😞 Mere væbnet konflikt, flere flygtninge, national våbenhvile går i stå.



...hvad skete der?

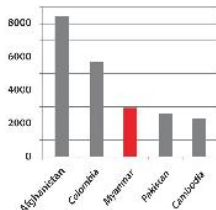
Konflikt for seks år siden – målt med landminer (2011)



Konflikt for tre år siden – målt med landminer (2014)

Based on data compiled by the Landmine Monitor on casualties recorded from 2007 to the present:

Casualties compared to other countries

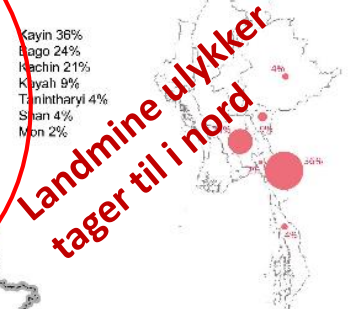


Since 2007, Myanmar has suffered the third highest number of antipersonnel land mine casualties when compared to other countries.

Location of casualties

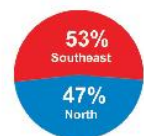
States with casualties by known data:

- Kayah 36%
- Bago 24%
- Kachin 21%
- Kayah 9%
- Tanintharyi 4%
- Shan 4%
- Mon 2%



Landmine ulykker tager til i nord

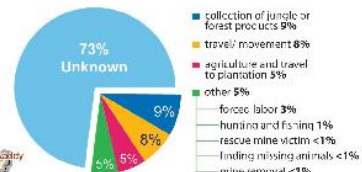
Landmine casualties since start of peace talks



At least 448 people have been killed or injured by antipersonnel mines since the government and the ethnic armed groups have started to talk about peace in December 2014. More than half 53% are in the Southeast (Kayah, Bago, Kayah, Tanintharyi) Just under half are in the North (Kachin, Shan).

Activity causing landmine injury

The main known causes for civilians being injured by landmines is going to the forest (9%), travelling in mine affected areas (8%), followed by work in agricultural fields (5%). There are other causes. In the vast majority of cases however, this data is not recorded. No official records of mine victims exist.



Gender of civilian landmine casualties

Overwhelmingly landmine casualties are adult males, reflecting the fact Myanmar is still in the armed conflict period. Casualties among women and children are expected to increase in the post-conflict time.

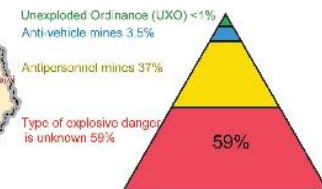


Legend

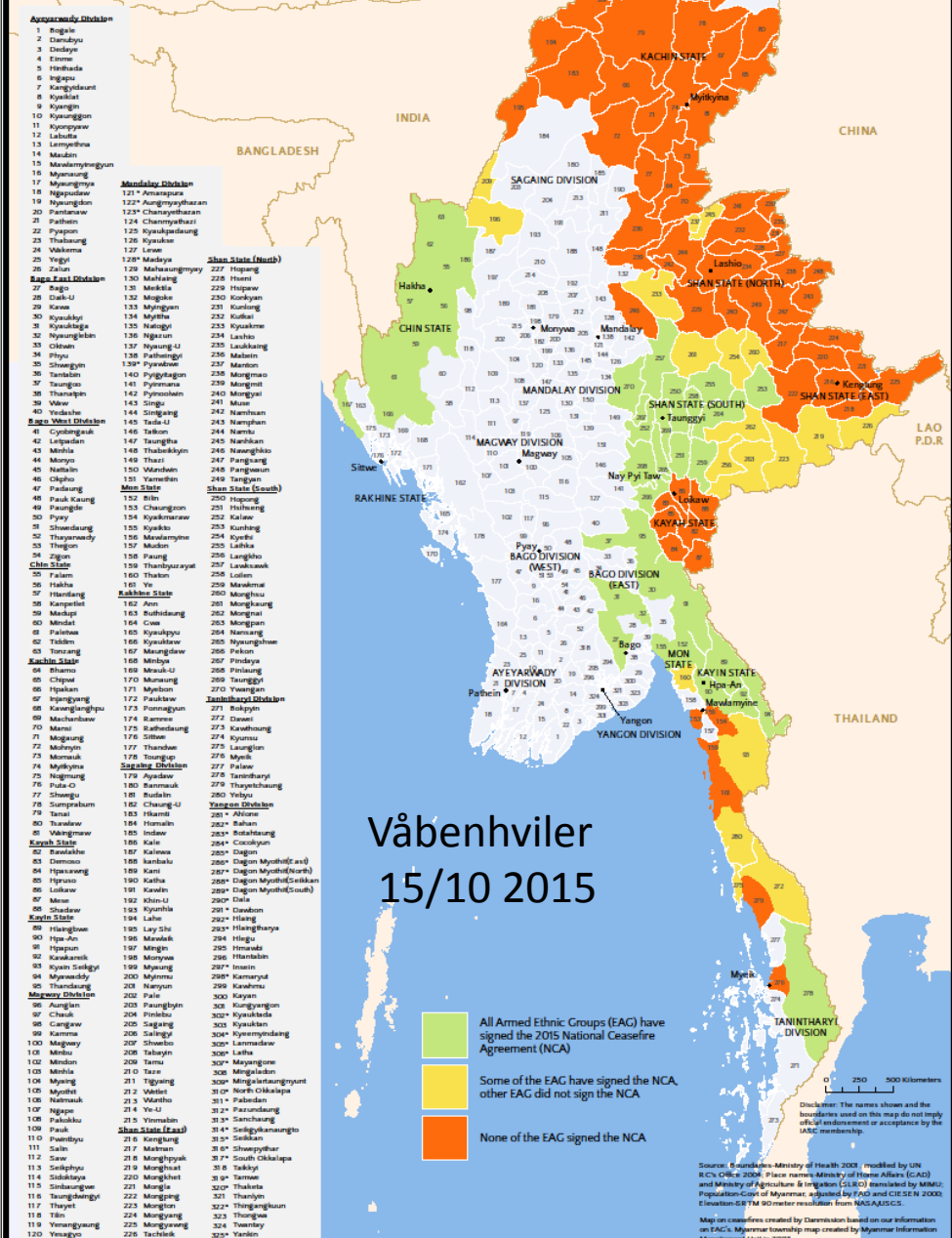
- Capitol City
- Coast
- State Boundary
- Known Casualties in 2014: 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, 21-58
- Township with Mine Pollution
- Mine Risk Education Activity (3W 2015)

Type of explosive dangers

In 41% of the cases where the type of explosive hazard is known, antipersonnel mines are the greatest danger.



MYANMAR States/Divisions & Townships Overview Map

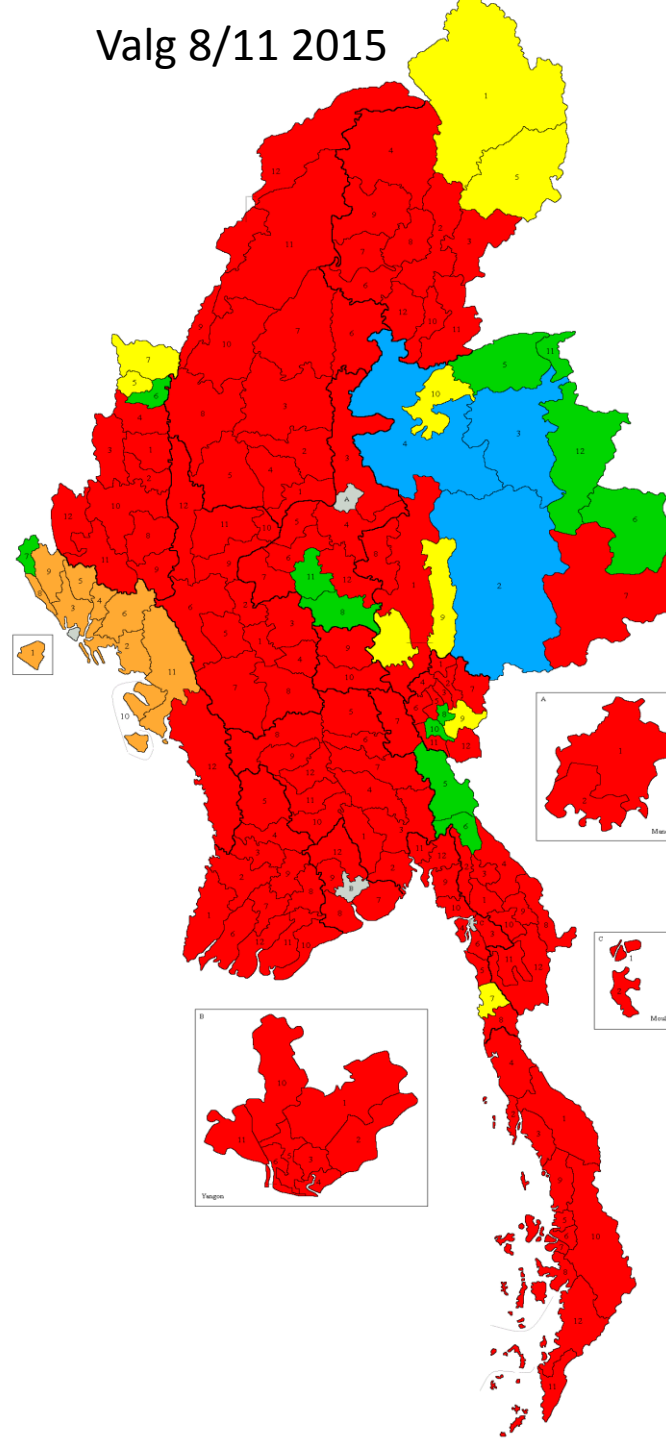
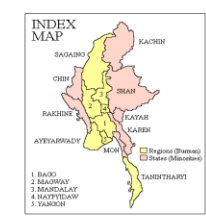


Våbenhviler
15/10 2015

Valg 8/11 2015

BURMA
2015 ELECTION

- National League for Democracy
- Union Solidarity and Development Party
- Shan Nationalities League for Democracy
- Arakan National Party
- Minor ethnic parties



how extensive mine pollution is in any indicated Township. Explosive symbol denotes townships in which antipersonnel mines have claimed casualties between 1 January 2007 to 1 June 2009. All other data 1 January 2008 to 1 June 2009.

မည်သို့မျှ အလွန်အမင်းကြီးမားသော စွန့်ပစ်ထားသော အဆုတ်အလတ်များ ဖြစ်သည့် မြို့နယ်များ အရပ်ရပ်တွင် မည်မျှ ပျံ့နှံ့နေသည့် ယခုအခါတွင် ဝင်ရောက် စောင့်ကြည့်ခြင်းမရှိပေ။ (၁) ဝေဖန်ပုံစံ ၂၀၀၇) မှ (၂) ဝေဖန် ၂၀၀၉) အတွင်း ဝေဖန်ပုံစံအရ ကိုယ်စားပြုသည့် မြို့နယ်များတွင် မြို့နယ်များတွင် အဆုတ် အလတ်များ ဖြစ်သည့် အခြေအနေအထားများ (၁) ဝေဖန်ပုံစံ ၂၀၀၈) မှ (၂) ဝေဖန် ၂၀၀၉)

Konflikt 2007

Våbenhviler
Indgået i 1990'erne

Konflikt siden 1949

Antipersonnel Mine Casualties
မြို့နယ်များတွင် အဆုတ်အလတ်များ

Township Boundary
မြို့နယ်နယ်နိမိတ်

State/Division Boundary
ပြည်နယ်နယ်နိမိတ်

Known Antipersonnel Mine Hazard
မြို့နယ်များတွင် အဆုတ်အလတ်များ ဖြစ်သည့် မြို့နယ်များ

Konflikt 2017

Ingen
Våben-
hviler

Mange
våben-
hviler

All Armed Ethnic Groups (EAG) have signed the 2015 National Ceasefire Agreement (NCA)

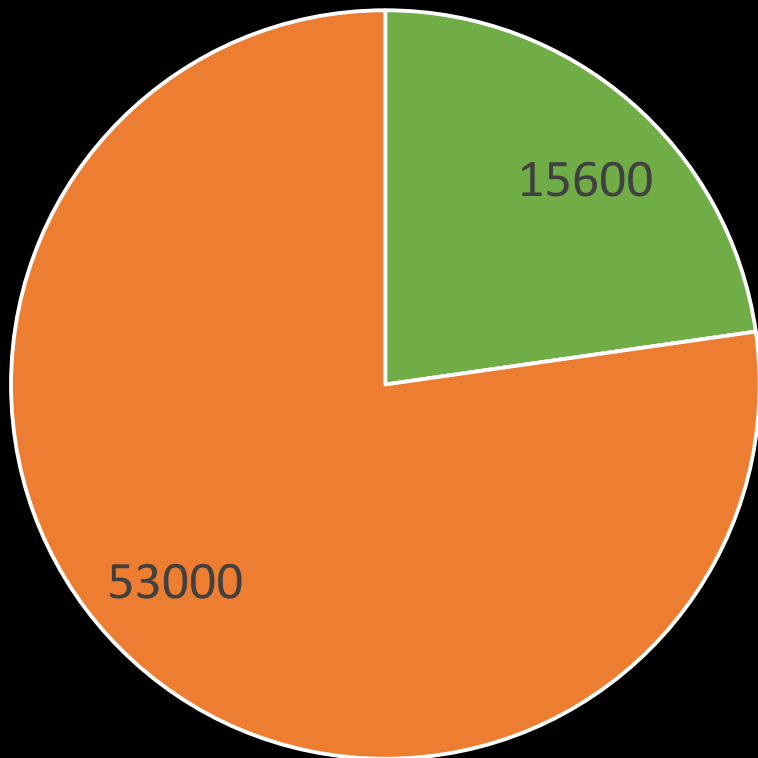
Some of the EAG have signed the NCA, other EAG did not sign the NCA

None of the EAG signed the NCA

Source: Bangladesh Ministry of Health 2008, modified by UN R/C/CRP/2006. Place names: Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) and Ministry of Agriculture & Irrigation (MARI) extracted by MHA; Population Count of Myanmar, updated by PDS and CISEA 2009; Elevation: SRTM 90 meter resolution from NASA/JRS/CSS.

Map on ceasefire created by Darenvaan based on our information on EAG. Myanmar borders map created by Myanmar Information Group.

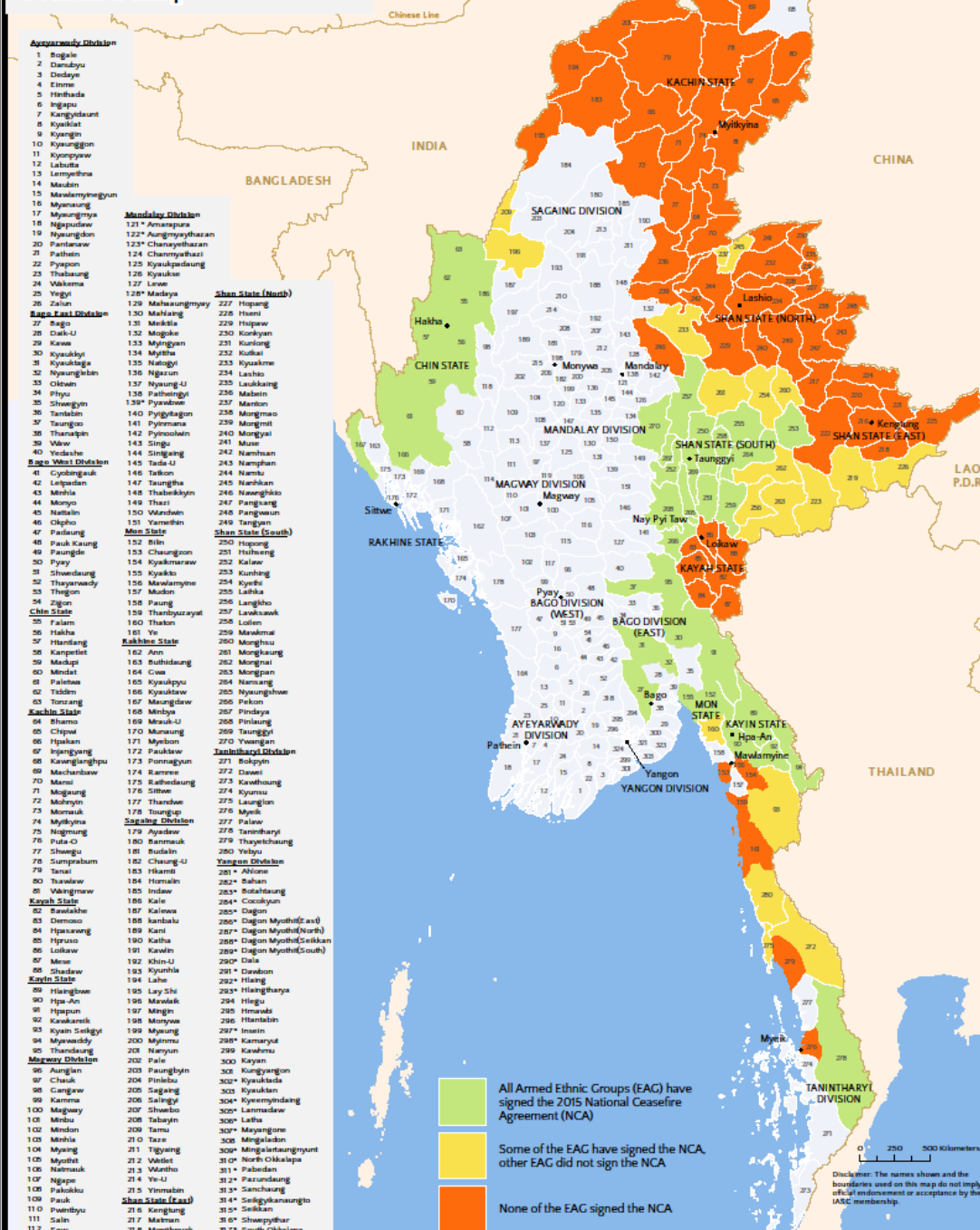
Etniske oprørsgrupper, målt i soldater



Underskrev national våbenhvile (NCA) i 2015

Underskrev ikke national våbenhvile (NCA) i 2015

States/Divisions & Townships Overview Map



Ayeyarwady Division

- 1 Bago
- 2 Dambay
- 3 Dedaye
- 4 Etone
- 5 Hethada
- 6 Ingapu
- 7 Kangyelaunt
- 8 Kyaukse
- 9 Kyangin
- 10 Kyaunggon
- 11 Kyungywar
- 12 Labutta
- 13 Lemyeiba
- 14 Madan
- 15 Mawlamyethgon
- 16 Myanaung
- 17 Myingmye
- 18 Ngazun
- 19 Nyungdon
- 20 Patheingyi
- 21 Patheingyi
- 22 Pyaw
- 23 Thabeik
- 24 Wundwin
- 25 Yegyi
- 26 Zayin

Bagi East Division

- 27 Bago
- 28 Dala-U
- 29 Kawa
- 30 Kyaukse
- 31 Kyaukse
- 32 Kyaukse
- 33 Okhla
- 34 Phyu
- 35 Shwegyin
- 36 Tada-U
- 37 Taungtha
- 38 Thabeik
- 39 Wundwin
- 40 Yegyi
- 41 Yegyi
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- 60 Yegyi

Chin State

- 61 Falam
- 62 Haka
- 63 Hanting
- 64 Kani
- 65 Kani
- 66 Kani
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Kachin State

- 81 Bhamo
- 82 Chindwin
- 83 Chindwin
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Kayah State

- 101 Bhamo
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Kayah State

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Magway Division

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Shan State (East)

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Mere våbenhvile i år?

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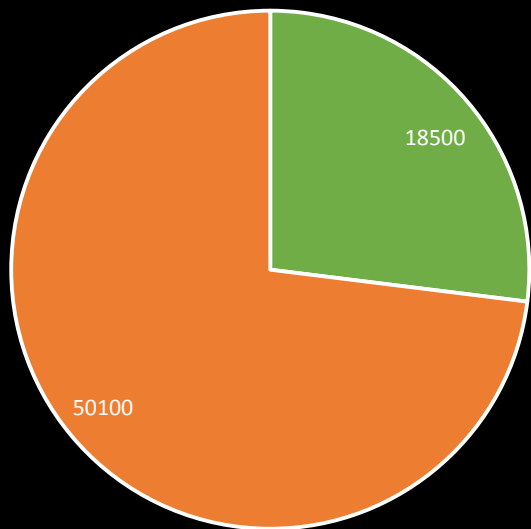
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Alle underskrivere af NCA, hvis UNFC braser sammen (målt i soldater).

Skriver fortsat ikke under, uanset UNFC's skæbne... (målt i soldater).

Tak 😊

Mere info fra Bjarne:

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